CORRECTION:

ELECTION INFORMATION FROM: NAN KOTTKE MARATHON COUNTY CLERK

The Wausau Daily Herald misprinted the "NOTICE OF ELECTION" and "Sample Ballot" to be published the November 3, 2014 for the November 4, 2014 General Election.

<u>ALL</u> Information provided to the Wausau Daily Herald was given to them correctly by Nan Kottke, Marathon County Clerk; Toni Rayala, Wausau City Clerk; Sherry Weinkauf, Village of Weston Clerk.

See below to view a copy of the information that was to be published today for the Tuesday, November 4, 2014 General Election

The Wausau Daily Herald will reprint the correct notice on Election Day, November 4, 2014 due to their publishing error.

NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION AND SAMPLE BALLOTS - November 4, 2014

OFFICE OF THE MARATHON COUNTY CLERK TO THE VOTERS OF MARATHON COUNTY

Notice is hereby given of a General Election to be held in Marathon County, on the 4th of November, 2014, at which the officers named below shall be chosen. The names of the candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to or filed in this office, are given under the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column, together with the questions submitted to a vote, in the sample ballot below.

INFORMATION TO VOTERS

Upon entering the polling place, a voter shall state his or her name and address, show an acceptable form of photo identification and sign the poll book before being permitted to vote. If a voter is not registered to vote, a voter may register to vote at the polling place serving his or her residence if the voter provides proof of residence. Where ballots are distributed to voters, the initials of two inspectors must appear on the ballot. Upon being permitted to vote, the voter shall retire alone to a voting booth or machine and cast his or her ballot except that a voter who is a parent or guardian may be accompanied by the voter's minor child or minor ward. An election official may inform the voter of the proper manner for casting a vote, but the official may not in any manner advise or indicate a particular voting choice.

The voter shall fill in the oval () next to the name of the candidate of his or her choice for each office for which he or she intends to vote. To vote for a person whose name does not appear on the ballot, the voter shall write in the name of the person of his or her choice in the space provided for a write-in vote, and fill in the oval () on the write-in line. On referendum questions, the voter shall fill in the oval () next to "yes" if in favor of the question, or the voter shall fill in the oval () next to "no" if opposed to the question.

When using an electronic ballot marking device ("AutoMARK") to mark an optical scan ballot, the voter shall touch the screen at the name of the candidate of his or her choice for each office for which he or she intends to vote. To vote for a person whose name does not appear on the ballot, the voter shall type in the name of the person of his or her choice in the space provided for a write-in vote. On referendum questions, the voter shall touch the screen at "yes" if in favor of the question, or the voter shall touch the screen at "no" if opposed to the question.

Note: A voter must vote for Governor and Lieutenant Governor jointly on one ticket. A vote

for Governor is also a vote for Lieutenant Governor. To vote for persons whose names do not appear on the ballot, write the names of individuals for both offices on the lines provided.

The vote should not be cast in any other manner. Not more than five minutes' time shall be allowed inside a voting booth. Sample ballots or other materials to assist the voter in marking his or her ballot may be taken into the booth and copied. The sample ballot shall not be shown to anyone so as to reveal how the ballot is marked.

If a voter spoils an optical scan ballot, he or she shall return it to an election official who shall issue another ballot in its place, but not more than three ballots shall be issued to any one voter. If the ballot has not been initialed by two inspectors or is defective in any other way, the voter shall return it to the election official who shall issue a proper ballot in its place. The elector may spoil a touch screen ballot at the voting station before the ballot is cast. After casting his or her vote, the voter shall leave the voting booth, properly deposit the ballot. After an official optical scan ballot is marked, it shall be inserted in the security sleeve so the marks do not show. The voter shall then insert the ballot in the voting device and discard the sleeve, or deliver the ballot to an inspector for deposit. The voter shall leave the polling place promptly.

A voter may select an individual to assist in casting his or her vote if the voter declares to the presiding official that he or she is unable to read, has difficulty reading, writing, or understanding English, or that due to disability is unable to cast his or her ballot. The selected individual rendering assistance may not be the voter's employer or an agent of that employer or an officer or agent of a labor organization which represents the voter.

Nan Kottke, Marathon County Clerk
The following is a sample of the official ballot:

Type 8 Notice-General Election (Governor)| Rev 2014-09 | Government Accountability Board, P.O. Box 7984, Madison, WI 53707-7984 | 608-261-2028| web: gab.wi.gov | email: gab@wi.gov

				Page 2 of a 2-sided ballo
The following is a sample of		and Balanaud	County	Referendum
Onicial B	allot for Partisan Office : November 4, 2014	avo veteteronu	Sheriff Vate for 1	To vote in favor of a question, fill in the oval next to "YES," like
		Marathon County	Scott R. Parks	this To vote against a question, fill in the oval next to "NO," like
pallot must bear the initials of the munic	nyano uniess inmaieo by z election ili cipal cierk or deputy clerk.	spectors. If cast as an absentee ballot, the	(Republican)	fill in the oval next to "NO," like this.
Instructions to Votere	Statewide (Cont.)	Legislative	write-In:	State
	Secretary of State Vote for 1	State Senator	Clerk of Circuit Court	OUESTION 1: "Creation of a
r have a cuestion, see an election nepector. (Absentee voters: Contact	Vote for 1	District 23 Vote for 1	Vote for 1 Diane L. Sennitoiz	Transportation Fund. Shall section 9 (2) of article IV and section 11 of article Vill of the
inspector. (Absentee voters: Coniact your municipal clerk.) Fill in only 1 eval in each contest. - To yote for a name on the ballot,	Doug La Folletta (Democratic)		(Democratic)	constitution be created to require
fill the oval next to the name ike this .		Phij Swanhorst (Democratio)	Chiles S I and	that revenues generated by use o the state transportation system be deposited into a transportation
To vote for a name that is not on the ballot, write the name on the	Julian Bradley (Republican)		Shirley C. Lang (Republican)	fund administered by a department of transportation for
line marked "write-in," and fill in the oval next to the name		C Terry Moulton (Republican)		the exclusive purpose of funding Wisconsin's transportation systems and to prohibit any
like this .	Jerry Broitzman (Constitution)		wnîte-in:	transfers or lapses from this fund?"
Statewide		vrite-in:	Page 1 of a 2-sided ballot	
Governor / Lieutenant Governor	Andy Creig (Libertarian)	State Senator District 29		O Yes
Vote for 1	. ,	Vote for 1 Paul Demain		MUNICIPAL
ou may <u>fill in enly 1 oval</u> for the office I Governor / Lleutenant Governor.	write-in:	(Democratic)		VILLAGE OF WESTON
Mary Burke/	State Treasurer Vote for 1	Jerry Petrowski (Republican)	-{	Under state law, the increase in the lavy of the Village of Weston
John Lehman (Democratic)	David L. Sartori	(Rejiublican)		for the lex to be imposed for the next fiscal year, 2015, is limited to 1,16%, which results in a levy of
Geott Walker /	(Democratic)	O write-In:	-	\$4,641,264. Shall the Village of Weston be allowed to exceed this
Scott Walker / Rebesca Kleefisch (Republican)	Matt Adamozyk	Representative to the Assembly	= .	I the k and increase the least far the
O Dennis Fehr/	(Republican)	District 35 Vote for 1		noxt fiscal year, 2015, and on an ongoing basis, by \$60,000 per year, to pay for the cost of providing public transportation (which for 2015 equals an
No Candidate (Peoples Party)	Andrew Zueike	Mery Czaja (Republican)	•	providing public transportation (which for 2015 equals an additional 1.308% for a total
Robert Burke /	(Constitution)			Increase of 2.468% and results in
Joseph M. Brost (Ubertarian)	Ron Hardy	write-in: Representative to the Assembly	=	a total levy of \$4,701,264, which sum does not include other exemptions from the levy limit)?
write-in:	Ron Hardy (Wisconsin Green Party)	District 69 Vote for 1		
(Governor)	Jerry Shideli	Norbert Salamonski (Democratic)		○ No
w/ite-in: (L'eufenant Governor)	Jerry Shideli (Libertarian)			CITY OF WAUSAU
,		Sob Kulp (Republican)	Official Ballot	Shall the City of Wausau adopt
Attorney General	write-in: Congressional		Partisan Office and Referendum	resolution 14-0811, which reads as follows:
/ste for 1	Representative in Congress	Wild-III!	November 4, 2014	"Whereas, the Supreme Court's decisions in Citizens United v.
Sucan V. Happ (Democratic)	District 7 Vate for 1	Representative to the Assembly District 85	For	Federal Elections Commission
	4	Vote for 1 Mandy Wright (Democratio)	(municipality and ward#(s)	rederal Elections Commission and related case law allows unlimited political campaign spending to influence local, stat and federal elections;
Brad Schimel (Republican)	Kelly Westlund (Damocratic)	(OBIRDIAGO)	Ballot issued by	and federal elections;
		Dave Heaton (Republican)		People" of the City of Wausau,
Thomas A. Nelson, Sr. (Libertarian)	Sean Duffy (Republican)	(Kepublican)	(initials of election inspectors)	democracy from the expansion corporate personhood rights and
		write-In:	Absentee ballot issued by	the corrupting influence of unregulated political contribution
write-in:	Lay/rence Date (Green Party)	Representative to the Assembly District 86	(initials of municipal or deputy clerk) (if issued by SVDs, both SVDs mus	BE IT RESOLVED, that "We the People" of the City of Wausau, Wisconsin, call for rectaining democracy from the expansion : corporate personhood rights and the corrupting influence of unregulated political contribution and spending. We stand with the Move to Amend campaign and communities across the country
		Vota for 1	initial.)	supporting passage of an amendment to the United State
	write-in:	(Demogratic)	Certification of Voter Assistant	Constitution stating:
			I certify that I marked this ballot at the request and direction of a	Only human beings - not corporations, limited liability compenies, unions, nonprofit
		John Spiros (Republican)	voter, who is authorized to receive assistance.	organizations, or similar associations - are endowed with constitutional rights; and
			(signature of assistor)	ľ
		write-in: Representative to the Assembly	For Official Use Only	2. Money is not speech, and therefore regulating political
		District 97 Vate for 1	Inspectors: Identify ballots require	contributions and spending is need to equivalent to limiting political speech.
		Richard Pulcher (Democratic)	to ne remade.	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED.
			Reason for remaking ballot:	that we hereby instruct our state and federal representatives to enact resolutions and legislatio
		James W. Edming (Republican)	Damaged Olher	enact resolutions and legislation to advance this effort.
		,,,	(Ariginal Ballot No. or Duplicate Ballot No.	C Yes
	ı	write-in:		O No
	· ·		1 !	(

NOTICE OF REFERENDUM ELECTION NOVEMBER 4, 2014

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at an election to be held in the several towns, villages, wards, and election districts of the State of Wisconsin, on Tuesday, November 4, 2014, the following question will be submitted to a vote of the people pursuant to law:

2013 ENROLLED JOINT RESOLUTION 1

To renumber section 9 of article IV; and **to create** section 9 (2) of article IV and section 11

of article VIII of the constitution; **relating to:** creation of a department of transportation, creation of a transportation fund, and deposit of funds into the transportation fund (second consideration).

Whereas, the 2011 legislature in regular session considered a proposed amendment to the constitution in 2011 Senate Joint Resolution 23, which became 2011 Enrolled Joint Resolution 4, and agreed to it by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment reads as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 9 of article IV of the constitution is renumbered section 9 (1) of article IV.

SECTION 2. Section 9 (2) of article IV of the constitution is created to read: [Article IV] Section 9 (2) The legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of a department of transportation and a transportation fund.

SECTION 3. Section 11 of article VIII of the constitution is created to read:[Article VIII] Section 11. All funds collected by the state from any taxes or fees levied or imposed for the licensing of motor vehicle operators, for the titling, licensing, or registration of motor vehicles, for motor vehicle fuel, or for the use of roadways, highways, or bridges, and from taxes and fees levied or imposed for aircraft, airline property, or aviation fuel or for railroads or railroad property shall be deposited only into the transportation fund or with a trustee for the benefit of the department of transportation or the holders of transportation-related revenue bonds, except for collections from taxes or fees in existence on December 31, 2010, that were not being deposited in

the transportation fund on that date. None of the funds collected or received by the state from any source and deposited into the transportation fund shall be lapsed, further transferred, or appropriated to any program that is not directly administered by the department of transportation in furtherance of the department's responsibility for the planning, promotion, and protection of all transportation systems in the state except for programs for which there was an appropriation from the transportation fund on December 31, 2010. In this section, the term "motor vehicle" does not include any all-terrain vehicles, snowmobiles, or watercraft.

SECTION 4. Numbering of new provision. If another constitutional amendment ratified by the people creates the number of any provision created in this joint resolution, the chief of the legislative reference bureau shall determine the sequencing and the numbering of the provisions whose numbers conflict.

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution is agreed to by the 2013 legislature; and, be it further

Resolved, That the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution be submitted to a vote of the people at the election to be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2014; and, be it further

Resolved, That the question concerning ratification of the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution be stated on the ballot as follows:

QUESTION 1: "Creation of a Transportation Fund. Shall section 9 (2) of article IV and

section 11 of article VIII of the constitution be created to require that revenues generated by use of the state transportation system be deposited into a transportation fund administered by a department of transportation for the exclusive purpose of funding Wisconsin's transportation systems and to prohibit any transfers or lapses from this fund?"

EXPLANATION

In general, funds collected in fees and taxes may be appropriated for any public purpose determined by the Legislature. Wisconsin's transportation fund, which currently exists under statute, is designed to be the source of funding for all

modes of transportation in the state. Wisconsin law requires that specific revenue streams such as taxes or fees related to motor vehicles, aircraft, and railroads be deposited into the transportation fund.

At times, the Legislature has transferred moneys initially deposited into the transportation fund to programs with non-transportation-related purposes. Such transfers have typically been to general revenue funds, which are used for state programs such as education, health care, and shared revenue. The Wisconsin Supreme Court has suggested that these transfers are permissible under current law.

In essence, the proposed amendment would change the Wisconsin Constitution to require that revenues generated by specified uses of the state transportation system be deposited into a transportation fund and expended only for transportation-related purposes.

A "yes" vote on this question would establish a department of transportation and a transportation fund in the state constitution. The current Department of Transportation and transportation fund exist only under statute. A "yes" vote would mean that all funds collected from taxes or fees in existence after December 31, 2010 for the licensing of motor vehicle operators, for the titling, licensing, or registration of motor vehicles, for motor vehicle fuel, or for the use of roadways, highways, or bridges, and from taxes and fees levied or imposed for aircraft, airline property, or aviation fuel or for railroads or railroad property would be deposited in the transportation fund or with certain authorized parties, such as a trustee for the benefit of the department of transportation. Funds in the transportation fund may not be lapsed, further transferred, or used for any program that is not directly administered by the department of transportation in furtherance of the department's responsibility for the planning, promotion, and protection of all transportation systems in the state (except for programs with an appropriation from the statutory transportation fund as of December 31, 2010). The proposed amendment does not define "transportation systems."

A "no" vote would mean that the Department of Transportation continues to be a statutory agency. It also would mean that monies collected from motor vehicle,

aircraft, and railroad fees and taxes could be appropriated by the Legislature for transportation systems or for other programs as determined by the Legislature.

DONE in the City of Wausau, Marathon County, WI this 4th day of November, 2014.

Nan Kottke, Marathon County Clerk

NOTICE OF REFERENDUM - City of Wausau - Marathon County November 4, 2014 General Election

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at an election to be held in the City of Wausau, on November 4, 2014, the following proposed amendment to the United States Constitution, will be submitted to a vote of the people:

RESOLUTION-By the City of Wausau Electors Supporting a Constitutional Amendment

WHEREAS, government of, by, and for the people has long been a cherished American value, and We the People have a fundamental and inalienable right to self-govern, thereby securing rights to life, liberty, and property, and the pursuit of happiness is guaranteed in the United States Constitution and the Declaration of Independence;

WHEREAS, free and fair elections are essential to democracy and effective

self-governance, and;

WHEREAS, persons are rightfully recognized as human beings whose essential needs include clean air, water, safe and secure food, and;

WHEREAS, corporations are entirely human-made, legal fictions created by

express permission of We the People and our government, and;

WHEREAS, corporations can exist in perpetuity, can exist simultaneously in many nations at once, need only profit for survival, and exist solely through the

legal charter imposed by the government of We the People, and;

WHEREAS, in addition to these advantages, the great wealth of corporations allows them to wield coercive force of law to overpower human beings and communities, thus denying We the People's exercise of our Constitutional rights, and;

WHEREAS, corporations are not mentioned in the Constitution, and the People have never granted Constitutional rights to corporations, nor have We the People decreed that corporations have authority that exceeds that of We the

People of the United States, and;

WHEREAS, interpretation of the U.S. Constitution by appointed Supreme Court Justices to include corporations in the term "persons" has long denied We the People's exercise of self-governance by endowing corporations with

Constitutional protections intended for We the People, and;

WHEREAS, the illegitimate judicial bestowal of civil and political rights upon corporations usurps basic human and Constitutional rights guaranteed to human beings, and also empowers corporations to sue municipal and state governments for adopting laws that violate "corporate rights" even when those laws serve to protect and defend the rights of human beings and communities, and;

WHEREAS, corporations are not and never have been human beings, and therefore are rightfully subservient to human beings and governments as our legal

creations, and;

WHEREAS, large corporations' profits and survival are often in direct conflict

with the essential needs and rights of human beings, and;

WHEREAS, the Supreme Court's decisions in Citizens United v. Federal Elections Commission and related case law rolled back the legal limits on spending in the electoral process creates an unequal playing field and allows unlimited spending by wealthy individuals, corporations and other entities to influence local, state, and federal elections, candidate selection, policy decisions and sway votes, and forces elected officials to divert their attention from We the People's business or even vote against the interest of their human constituents, in order to ensure competitive campaign funding for their own re-election, and;

WHEREAS, the judicial interpretation to construe spending in political campaigns is contrary to the notion of "one person, one vote" and allows those with the most money to have an unfair advantage in a political system that should be about ensuring that all electors have equal access to the political process and

to influencing the outcome of elections, and:

WHEREAS, money is property, not speech, and;

WHEREAS, large corporations own most of America's mass media and use that media as a megaphone to express loudly their political agenda and to convince Americans that their primary role is that of consumers, rather than sovereign citizens with rights and responsibilities in a democracy, forcing citizens to toil to discern the truth behind headlines and election campaigning, and;

WHEREAS, tens of thousands of people and municipalities across the nation are joining with the Move to Amend campaign to call for an Amendment to the U.S. Constitution to abolish the doctrines of Corporate Personhood and Money as

Speech, and;

BÉ IT RESOLVED, that "We the People" of Wausau, Wisconsin, call for reclaiming democracy from the expansion of corporate personhood rights and the corrupting influence of unregulated political contributions and spending. We stand with the Move to Amend campaign and communities across the country supporting passage of an amendment to the United States Constitution stating:

Only human beings - not corporations, limited liability companies, unions, nonprofit organizations, or similar associations - are endowed with Constitutional

rights; and

Money is not speech, and therefore regulating political contributions and

spending is not equivalent to limiting political speech.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we hereby instruct our state and federal representatives to enact resolutions and legislation to advance this effort.

The question will appear on the ballot as follows:

Shall the City of Wausau adopt resolution 14-0811, which reads as follows:

"Whereas, the Supreme Court's decisions in Citizens United v. Federal Elections Commission and related case law allows unlimited political campaign spending to influence local, state, and federal elections;

BE IT RESOLVED, that "We the People" of the City of Wausau, Wisconsin, call for reclaiming democracy from the expansion of corporate

personhood rights and the corrupting influence of unregulated political contributions and spending. We stand with the Move to Amend campaign and communities across the country supporting passage of an amendment to the United States Constitution stating:

Only human beings - not corporations, limited liability companies, unions, nonprofit organizations, or similar associations - are endowed with

constitutional rights; and

2. Money is not speech, and therefore regulating political contributions and

spending is not equivalent to limiting political speech.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we hereby instruct our state and federal representatives to enact resolutions and législation to advance this effort."

,	Yes	N	v

Explanation:

A yes vote means the city will adopt such a resolution to support an amendment to the Constitution. A no vote means the city will not adopt such a resolution to support an amendment to the Constitution.

Done in the City of Wausau on November 3, 2014 - Toni Rayala, City Clerk TYPE C

NOTICE OF REFERENDUM - VILLAGE OF WESTON NOVEMBER 4, 2014

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an election to be held in the Village of Weston, Marathon County, on November 4, 2014, the following proposed resolution will be submitted to a vote of the people:

A RESOLUTION, for exceeding the State of Wisconsin imposed Levy Limit for the purpose of providing public transportation services.

WHEREAS, the State of Wisconsin has imposed limits on town, village, city and county property tax levies for 2014 under Wis. Stat. sec. 66.0602; and

WHEREAS, Wis. Stat. sec. 66.0602 limits the increase in 2014 to the local property tax levy to no more than the greater of (a) 0% of last year's actual levy or (b) a percentage equal to the percentage change in equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed; which for the Village of Weston is 1.16 percent; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Trustees of the Village of Weston, Marathon County believes it is in the Village's best interest to exceed the state levy limit as described above by a greater percentage than 1.16 percent to pay for public transportation services; and

WHEREAS, the Village of Weston actual levy in 2013 (collected in 2014) was \$4,588,043; and state law would limit the increase to \$53,221 for a total allowable 2014 (collected in 2015) village tax levy of \$4,641,264.

NOW, THEREFORE the Board of Trustees of the Village of Weston, Marathon County does hereby resolve and order as follows:

The Village of Weston Board of Trustees hereby supports an increase in the Village tax levy for 2014 (to be collected in 2015) to exceed the state levy limit to pay for public transportation services. The Village of Weston Board of Trustees intends that the levy increase be applied on an ongoing basis by including it in the base used to calculate the limit for 2015 as well.

The Village of Weston Board of Trustees directs that the question of increasing the Village tax levy for 2014 (to be collected in 2015) by an additional 1.308% percent, which would increase the village levy by \$60,000 over the past year's levy, for a village tax levy of \$4,701,264 for a total increase of 2.468% (exclusive of debt service and tax increment financing districts), shall be submitted to the electors in a referendum at a general election to be held on November 4, 2014.

The question will appear on the ballot as follows:

Under state law, the increase in the levy of the Village of Weston for the tax to be imposed for the next fiscal year, 2015, is limited to 1.16%, which results in a levy of \$4,641,264. Shall the Village of Weston be allowed to exceed this limit and increase the levy for the next fiscal year, 2015, and on an ongoing basis, by \$60,000 per year, to pay for the cost of providing public transportation (which for 2015 equals an additional 1.308% for a total increase of 2.468% and results in a total levy of \$4,701,264, which sum does not include other exemptions from the levy limit)?

EXPLANATION

A "yes" allows the Village Board to exceed the state imposed levy limits to pay for the estimated cost of providing public transportation services.

A "no" vote does not allow the Village Board to exceed the state imposed levy limits to pay for the estimated cost of providing public transportation services. In the event the majority of electors vote "no" to the question, the Village Board may reduce or eliminate public transportation services, or other municipal services, as necessary, to balance the budget.

Done in the Village of Weston, on October 15, 2014. Sherry Weinkauf - Village of Weston Clerk

No Photo ID Required for November 4, 2014 General Election

The U.S. Supreme Court on Thursday, October 9, 2014 blocked the implementation of Wisconsin's voter photo ID law.

- ► General Election, Tuesday, November 4, 2014
- ▶ January 1, 2006 WI law requires all electors to be registered to vote in the State of Wisconsin. For information on registering to vote contact your municipal clerk or to the GAB website www.gab.wi.gov Form-GAB131
- ▶ Electors are required to sign the poll list. If you are not prevented from signing because of a disability, or you refuse to sign, you will not be issued a ballot.
- ▶ Unofficial Election Results: www.co.marathon.wi.us
- ▶ Election Results are unofficial until the County Canvass Board has completed the Canvass. The Marathon County Canvass Board will meet at 8:30 a.m. Thursday, November 6, 2014 to canvass votes from the required offices to be canvassed from the General Election in the Marathon County Assembly Room, Courthouse, Wausau, WI. The Canvass Board will reconvene on Tuesday, November 11, 2014 to complete the canvass from any late arriving Absentee Ballots & Pending Provisional Balloting results. Contact the Wausau City Clerk and the Village of Weston Clerk for the date and time of the local municipal canvass for their municipal Referendum.